

higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

N1510(E)(J8)H
JUNE EXAMINATION

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

TOURIST DESTINATIONS N6

(22030126)

8 June 2016 (X-Paper)
09:00–12:00

OPEN-BOOK EXAMINATION

Candidates are allowed to take student portfolios, notes and assignments/previous examinations, reference material, dictionary, maps, travel guides, brochures, etc. to the examination.

**Downloaded from
TVET Exam Papers app**



Candidate

ne.

This



**Visit Us @
TvetPapers.co.za**

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND TRAINING
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA
NATIONAL CERTIFICATE
TOURIST DESTINATIONS N6
TIME: 3 HOURS
MARKS: 200

NOTE: If you answer more than the required number of questions, only the required number of questions will be marked. All work you do not want to be marked, must be clearly crossed out.

INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

1. Read ALL the questions carefully before you begin to answer the questions of your choice.
 2. The question paper consists of FIVE sections.
 - 2.1 ALL the questions in SECTION A are COMPULSORY for a total of 50 marks.
 - 2.2 SECTION B: Choose TWO of the five countries to answer the questions in QUESTION 2.1.
Select only TWO of the five countries in QUESTIONS 2.2.
SECTION B counts 50 marks.
 - 2.3 SECTION C: Select ONE of the four countries for 30 marks.
 - 2.4 SECTION D: Select ONE of the three countries for 30 marks.
 - 2.5 ALL the questions in SECTION E are COMPULSORY for a total of 40 marks.
 3. Start each question on a NEW page.
 4. Write the QUESTION NUMBER as well as the COUNTRY in CAPITAL LETTERS at the TOP of EACH page.
 5. Number the answers according to the numbering system used in this question paper.
 6. Write neatly and legibly.
-

SECTION A

ALL the questions in SECTION A are COMPULSORY.

QUESTION 1: UNITED KINGDOM AND REPUBLIC OF IRELAND**1.1 LONDON AND ITS HINTERLAND**

Answer the following questions by using your resources and ADDENDUM A (attached):

- 1.1.1 Name the towns that they will visit on the 'Day trip from London'. (3)
- 1.1.2 What are the highlights included in the tour? (6)
- 1.1.3 Where is the home of William Shakespeare? (1)
- 1.1.4 Name the house where he was born. (1)
- 1.1.5 Where is Stratford Upon Avon located? (1)
- 1.1.6 Name FOUR other attractions in Stratford Upon Avon. (4)
- 1.1.7 Explain the importance of the following destinations:
- (a) Bath
- (b) Stonehenge
- (2 x 2) (4)

1.2 MAP WORK OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

Study ADDENDUM B (attached) and answer the following questions:

- 1.2.1 Identify the city at no. 1.
- 1.2.2 Identify the city at no. 2.
- 1.2.3 Identify the city at no. 3.
- 1.2.4 Identify the city at no. 4.
- 1.2.5 Identify the city at no. 5.
- 1.2.6 Identify the mountain range at no. 6.
- 1.2.7 Identify the mountain peak at no. 7.
- 1.2.8 Identify the lake at no. 8.
- 1.2.9 Identify the river at no. 9.

- 1.2.10 Identify the river at no. 10.
- 1.2.11 Identify the sea at no. 11.
- 1.2.12 Identify the sea at no. 12.
- 1.2.13 Identify the channel at no. 13.
- 1.2.14 Identify the group of islands at no. 14.
- 1.2.15 Identify the group of islands at no. 15.

(15 x 2) (30)
[50]

TOTAL SECTION A: 50

SECTION B: WESTERN EUROPE (FRANCE, GERMANY, SWITZERLAND, AUSTRIA AND BENELUX)

QUESTION 2

2.1 GENERAL QUESTIONS ON WESTERN EUROPE

Choose TWO of the above countries to answer QUESTION 2.1.

- Start this question on a NEW page.
- Divide the page in half with a vertical line.
- Choose TWO of the five Western Europe countries from those given in SECTION B above and write each name at the top of each half.
- ALL the answers in QUESTION 2.1 must refer to the two countries that you have chosen.

EXAMPLE:

BULGARIA		NORWAY	
2.1.1	(1)	2.1.1	(1)
2.1.2	(1)	2.1.2	(1)
etc.		etc.	

- 2.1 2.1.1 Identify a city from the list below that is situated within each of the countries that you have chosen.

Amsterdam; Paris; Vienna; Geneva; Berlin

(2)

- 2.1.2 Do you need a visa to visit these countries?

(2)

- 2.1.3 Which river flows through each of the cities you mentioned in QUESTION 2.1.1?

(2)

- 2.1.4 Identify a famous historic building with a religious connection in each of the cities you mentioned in QUESTION 2.1.1. (2)
- 2.1.5 Provide the name and location of an international airport in each of the cities you mentioned in QUESTION 2.1.1. (2 x 2) (4)
- 2.1.6 What is the national airline and its IATA code of the countries of your choice? (2 x 2) (4)
- 2.1.7 Describe the climate of the countries of your choice. (2 x 2) (4)

2.2 Choose and answer the questions of any TWO of the following five Western Europe countries that you have studied:

2.2.1 **FRANCE**

Paris

- (a) Paris is referred to as the 'art capital of the world'. With which art establishment would you associate each of the following?

- A A romantic area known for street artists
- B 19th and 20th century art located in a restored railway station
- C 20th and postmodern art exhibitions (museum of modern art)
- D Once a residence of Kings, now world famous art museum which houses the greatest collection of art, like the Mona Lisa
- E Thoroughfare famous for its café's, commercial art galleries and shops

(5 x 1) (5)

- (b) The Eiffel tower is the most famous attraction in Paris.

Why was it built?

(1)

- (c) Which arch was built to commemorate all the victories of Napoleon?

(1)

Loire valley

- (d) Discuss why the following attractions are worth a visit:

- A Chenonceaux
- B Chambord
- C Blois Chateau
- D Orleans

(4 x 2) (8)

OR

2.2.2 GERMANY

Berlin

Use ADDENDUM C (attached) together with your resources to answer the following questions:

- (a) Describe the atmosphere of Berlin. (2)
- (b) What type tourist is attracted by Berlin? (1)
- (c) Name the TWO attractions mentioned on ADDENDUM C and motivate why tourists would visit them. (2 x 2) (4)
- (d) Name TWO other attractions that have to do with the world war. (2 x 1) (2)
- (e) What is the Potsdamer platz? (1)
- (f) Describe the landscape of Germany. (3 x 1) (3)
- (g) Name TWO of the precision products for which Germany is known. (2 x 1) (2)

OR

2.2.3 SWITZERLAND

- (a) Compare Switzerland and South Africa with regard to their size. (2 x 1) (2)
- (b) What does it mean that Switzerland is 'landlocked'? (1)
- (c) Name the THREE regions of Switzerland. (3 x 1) (3)
- (d) What is the romantic name for the South Western Region and why was this nickname given to this region? (2 x 1) (2)
- (e) Where would you find the country's historical museum (the Landes museum)? (1)
- (f) Which city is divided into the southern and northern regions by the Rhone and Arve rivers? (1)
- (g) Which TWO international organisations have offices in Geneva? (2 x 1) (2)
- (h) Explain how Bern started as a town. (1)
- (i) Briefly describe the Kappellbrucke in Luzern. (2 x 1) (2)

OR**2.2.4 AUSTRIA**

- (a) Which public holiday is on the 6th of January and what is celebrated on this day? (2 x 1) (2)
- (b) What is the physical address where Mozart was born? (2 x 1) (2)
- (c) Which mountain in Austria is the highest? (1)
- (d) State the benefits of the Vienna card. (2 x 1) (2)
- (e) Which world famous choir is found in Austria? (1)
- (f) Innsbruck is over 800 years old and abounds in rich architecture. Name and describe TWO important architectural attractions in Innsbruck. (2 x 2) (4)
- (g) Which river is the longest river in Europe and where does it originate? (2 x 1) (2)
- (h) What is the main reason why a tourist would choose Austria as a destination? (1)

OR**2.2.5 BENELUX COUNTRIES****Belgium**

- (a) Describe the physical character of Belgium. (3 x 1) (3)
- (b) What are the official languages of Belgium? (3 x 1) (3)
- (c) What is the Romantic name for Bruges? (1 x 1) (1)
- (d) Name TWO activities that you can do in Bruges. (2 x 1) (2)
- (e) Name TWO ferry ports. (2 x 1) (2)

Luxembourg

- (f) Why is Luxembourg Ville such a popular place to visit? (2 x 1) (2)
- (g) Why do you think they call Mullertal 'Little Switzerland'? (1)
- (h) What is the main activity that you can do in Mullertal? (1)

(15)
[50]

TOTAL SECTION B: 50

SECTION C: SOUTHERN EUROPE (PORTUGAL, SPAIN, ITALY AND GREECE)

QUESTION 3

Choose ONE of the four countries in Southern Europe that you have studied and answer the questions for the chosen country. Write the country of your choice in CAPITAL LETTERS at the top of a NEW page.

3.1 PORTUGAL

Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches an item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–Q) next to the question number (3.1.1–3.1.15) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.1.1	Sud-Express	A	Alisbon's most popular form of entertainment, similar to the 'blues'
3.1.2	TAP	B	train service runs between Paris and Lisbon
3.1.3	Lisboa card	C	Moorish capital of Algarve
3.1.4	Caminhos de Ferro Portugueses	D	river that flows through Lisbon
3.1.5	Oporto Santo	E	one of the best beaches on the Algarve coast
3.1.6	Caldo Verde	F	tourist pass in Lisbon
3.1.7	Caldeirada	G	part of the Madeira islands group
3.1.8	Labour day	H	fish stew
3.1.9	Oporto	I	situated in a gorge cut by the Duoro river
3.1.10	Fatima	J	1 May
3.1.11	Silves	K	green soup – cabbage and potato soup
3.1.12	Tagus river	L	chargrilled sardines
3.1.13	Oceanarium	M	famous for the pilgrimages for Catholic believers
3.1.14	Fado	N	Portuguese railways
3.1.15	Praia da Rocha	O	international airport in Lisbon
		P	largest aquarium in Europe
		Q	Air Portugal

(15 x 2)

[30]

OR

3.2 SPAIN

Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches an item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–R) next to the question number (3.2.1–3.2.15) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.2.1	Madrid	A	IR
3.2.2	Paella	B	one of the Balearic islands
3.2.3	Sangria	C	high speed train linking Madrid with Seville
3.2.4	Epiphany	D	held the summer Olympics of 1992
3.2.5	Iberia	E	shrimp, lobster, chicken mixed with rice and cooked with saffron
3.2.6	Andalus Express	F	running of the bulls
3.2.7	RENFE	G	6 January
3.2.8	Puerta del Sol	H	capital city
3.2.9	Gran Teatro del Liceu	I	IB
3.2.10	AVE Service	J	tourist train
3.2.11	Pamplona	K	state-owned company - railway network
3.2.12	Costa del Sol	L	Madrid's official town centre
3.2.13	Ibiza	M	spectacular rocky coastline
3.2.14	Barcelona	N	one of Europe's biggest opera houses
3.2.15	Mezquita	O	a large amusement park
		P	coastal area from Costa de Almería to Tarifa
		Q	a drink consisting of wine, soda water, fruit juice and fruit
		R	spectacular Moorish mosque in Cordoba

(15 x 2)

[30]**OR**

3.3 ITALY

Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches an item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–R) next to the question number (3.3.1–3.3.15) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.3.1	Rome	A	semolina dumplings
3.3.2	Abbadchio	B	suckling lamb in white wine flavoured rosemary
3.3.3	Chianti	C	the river running through Florence
3.3.4	AZ	D	setting of Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet
3.3.5	Fiumicino	E	capital city
3.3.6	Labour day	F	ancient Roman town that was totally destroyed when a volcano erupted
3.3.7	Trenitalia pass	G	the most famous bridge in Florence
3.3.8	Pompei	H	pasta stuffed with meat, spinach or egg and cheese
3.3.9	Gondola	I	FCO
3.3.10	Ponte Vecchio	J	local wine of a specific origin
3.3.11	The Vatican City	K	largest church in Rome and the world
3.3.12	Verona	L	Alitalia
3.3.13	Arno river	M	1 May
3.3.14	Cannelloni	N	the river running through Rome
3.3.15	St Peter's Basilica	O	FMC
		P	Independent state within Rome
		Q	available to people outside Italy which allows them 3 to 10 days unlimited travel
		R	traditional form of transportation in Venice

(15 x 2)

[30]**OR**

3.4 GREECE

Choose a description from COLUMN B that matches an item in COLUMN A. Write only the letter (A–Q) next to the question number (3.4.1–3.4.15) in the ANSWER BOOK.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
3.4.1	Athens	A	main airport in Athens
3.4.2	Dolmades	B	national railway company
3.4.3	Ouzo	C	OA
3.4.4	Elfetherios Veniselos	D	most northern island of Western Greece
3.4.5	Hellenic Railways Organisation	E	AO
3.4.6	Olympic Airways	F	centre of modern Athens, where the parliament building is situated
3.4.7	Underground system	G	hosted the first modern Olympic games in 1896
3.4.8	Panathenaic stadium	H	capital of Greece
3.4.9	Crete	I	stuffed vine leaves
3.4.10	Corfu	J	aniseed spirit
3.4.11	Mykonos	K	hostes the first ancient Olympic Games in 776 BC
3.4.12	Bazoukis	L	Metro
3.4.13	Parthenon	M	sacred Island of the ancient Greeks
3.4.14	Syntagma Square	N	most visited and expensive island with a lively nightlife
3.4.15	Olympia	O	stringed instruments which resembles mandolins or bongos
		P	was built as a temple to the goddess Athena, now one of the world most famous classical monuments
		Q	largest and most southerly Greek island

(15 x 2)

[30]**TOTAL SECTION C:****30**

SECTION D: MIDDLE EAST (EGYPT/ISRAEL/TURKEY)**QUESTION 4**

Choose any ONE of the abovementioned Middle East countries that you have studied and write the name of the country in CAPITAL LETTERS at the TOP of a new page. Answer the questions given for the country of your choice.

4.1 EGYPT

Study the following list of attractions, destinations and events and match one of the given options with each of the descriptions below:

The Ramses festival	International film festival	Pyramids of Giza	Ras Mohamed
The Sphinx	Saqqara	Step pyramid	Suez
Khan el Khalili	Elephantine Island	Luxor	Sinai
Edfu	El Alamein	Mount Moses (Mt Sinai)	Mersa Alam

- 4.1.1 Largest preserved temple in Egypt, the Temple of Hathor
- 4.1.2 Festival in February at Abu Simbel
- 4.1.3 Once the ancient city of Thebes, where the highlight is the Karnak temple
- 4.1.4 Feline monument with a human head
- 4.1.5 Royal burial ground from the Old Kingdom
- 4.1.6 One of the world's largest bazaars
- 4.1.7 Trading post since the 7th century at the southern end of the canal
- 4.1.8 Easily accessible by river taxi from Aswan, where the Nile forms two channels
- 4.1.9 One of the Seven Wonders of the World and Egypt's most visited monuments
- 4.1.10 The Biblical route to the promised land
- 4.1.11 A small coastal village west of Alexandria
- 4.1.12 Where Moses received the Ten Commandments

- 4.1.13 On the Southern tip of the peninsula is one of the finest diving venues in the world
- 4.1.14 An older pyramid than the pyramids of Giza
- 4.1.15 Festival in September at Alexandria

(15 x 2) [30]

OR

4.2 **TURKEY**

Study the following list of attractions, destinations and events and match one of the given options with each of the descriptions below:

Pamukbank dance	Topkapi	Kapali Carsi	Galata bridge
Bodrum	Ephesus (Efes)	Temple of Artemis, Ephesus	Bulgaria
Iraq	Blue Mosque	Theatre Agoras	Castle of St Peter
Marmaris	Hidirlik Kulesi	Taksim	Bosphorus

- 4.2.1 Palace of the Ottoman in Istanbul
- 4.2.2 Built on floating pontoons (like canoes) so that the bridge can be opened in the morning
- 4.2.3 Country bordering Turkey to the southeast
- 4.2.4 Popular coastal town on the Aegean Sea and gateway to some Greek Islands
- 4.2.5 Country bordering Turkey to the northwest
- 4.2.6 Home to cultural centres, exhibitions halls and office blocks in Istanbul
- 4.2.7 The largest preserved ancient city on the Mediterranean coast
- 4.2.8 Dance festival that brings world-class dance groups to Istanbul
- 4.2.9 Covered bazaar in the Beyazit district
- 4.2.10 One of the wonders of the ancient world
- 4.2.11 Ancient Greek market place
- 4.2.12 Major beach resort with whitewashed houses and subtropical gardens and the birth place of Herotodus

- 4.2.13 Houses a fascinating Museum of Underwater Archeology in Bodrum
- 4.2.14 Round Roman tower in Antalya
- 4.2.15 The only mosque in the world with six minarets

(15 x 2) [30]

OR

4.3 ISRAEL

Study the following list of attractions, destinations and events and match one of the given options with each of the descriptions below:

Independence day	Lake Tiberias	Golgotha	Mount Zion
Yerushalayim	Dead sea	Beit Lahm	Kibbutz
Eilat	Jordan river	Jaffa	Haifa
Jericho	Lebanon	Western wall	Jordan

- 4.3.1 Sea of Galilee
- 4.3.2 Part of the ancient temple in Jerusalem
- 4.3.3 Jerusalem in Hebrew
- 4.3.4 The old part of Tel Aviv around the southwest of the city and the harbour
- 4.3.5 The lowest point in the world
- 4.3.6 3 May, Yom Ha'Atzmaut
- 4.3.7 Rural collective societies live and work together producing agricultural products
- 4.3.8 Bethlehem in Arabic
- 4.3.9 Seaside resort situated on the Southern tip of Israel
- 4.3.10 Where you will find the tomb of Dawid
- 4.3.11 Ancient fortress and is built on the slopes of Mount Carmel
- 4.3.12 Where John the Baptist preached and Jesus was baptised
- 4.3.13 The place where Jesus was crucified

4.3.14 Borders Israel to the north

4.3.15 Ancient town in the West Bank area

(15 x 2) [30]

TOTAL SECTION D: 30

SECTION E: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

ALL the questions in this section are COMPULSORY.

QUESTION 5

5.1 WASHINGTON DC

5.1.1 What does the DC stand for in Washington DC? (2)

5.1.2 Why did they create this district for the capital? (2)

5.1.3 What is the name and IATA code for the airport? (4)

5.1.4 Where is this airport located? (4)

5.1.5 Name and describe TWO government related attractions. (2 x 2) (4)

5.1.6 Who was the first president of the USA? (1)

5.1.7 Name and describe the monument that was built in his honour. (4)

5.1.8 Name THREE other memorials for previous presidents. (3)

5.2 MIAMI

5.2.1 In which state is Miami? (2)

5.2.2 What is the romantic name/nickname for the state mentioned in QUESTION 5.2.1. (2)

5.2.3 What is the romantic name/nickname for Miami? (2)

5.2.4 What is the name and IATA code of the airport in Miami? (4)

5.2.5 Where is the airport located? (2)

5.2.6 Which national park is in Miami? (2)

5.2.7 Name TWO events that take place in Miami. (2)

[40]

TOTAL SECTION E: 40
GRAND TOTAL: 200

ADDENDUM A

Day Trip From London visiting Bath, Stratford and Stonehenge. Includes entrance to Stonehenge, Bath, Cotswolds and Stratford and the Shakespeare Birthplace Museum with a champagne reception.

HIGHLIGHTS INCLUDED IN TOUR

- Free hotel pick-up service from over 170 hotels in Central London
- Entrance to Stonehenge included
- Panoramic tour of Bath with free time
- Entrance to Shakespeare Birthplace Museum
- Champagne reception served in Shakespeare's garden
- Luxury air-conditioned tour bus and services of a professional guide

TOUR ITINERARY

The Stonehenge, Bath and Stratford day tour is a long but rewarding tour where you certainly clock up some mileage. The tour starts by visiting Stratford Upon Avon, a living museum to Shakespeare. It is here that he was born and buried. A champagne reception is served at the Shakespeare Museum. It is then off to the World Heritage site, Bath. Lunch is served there and some free time can be fit in before driving through one of England's most scenic areas, the Cotswolds to Stonehenge, which is one of the most famous prehistoric monuments in the world.

STRATFORD UPON AVON

A professional guide provides commentary and guiding throughout the day aboard the luxury air-conditioned tour bus. Stratford Upon Avon, is the first stop on the tour after a 2-hour journey in a northwest direction of London. During the journey you will be fully briefed about Stratford Upon Avon and Shakespeare as well as other practical information for the day ahead.

Arrival at Stratford Upon Avon, birthplace of William Shakespeare is at about 10:30. Shakespeare was the greatest English writer and his home houses the Royal Shakespeare Company. Stratford is a charming market town set in the heart of rural England. A delightful river winds its way through the town, past the beautiful Holy Trinity church where Shakespeare was buried.

BATH

About 90 minutes will be spent in Bath, which will include a panoramic tour and a lunch from a wide choice of outlets in the centre of Bath. Bath is a beautiful Georgian city with delightful crescents, terraces and architecture. Following our guided tour of the city, there will be time to explore at your leisure. The most popular single attraction is the Roman Baths that were built nearly 2,000 years ago.

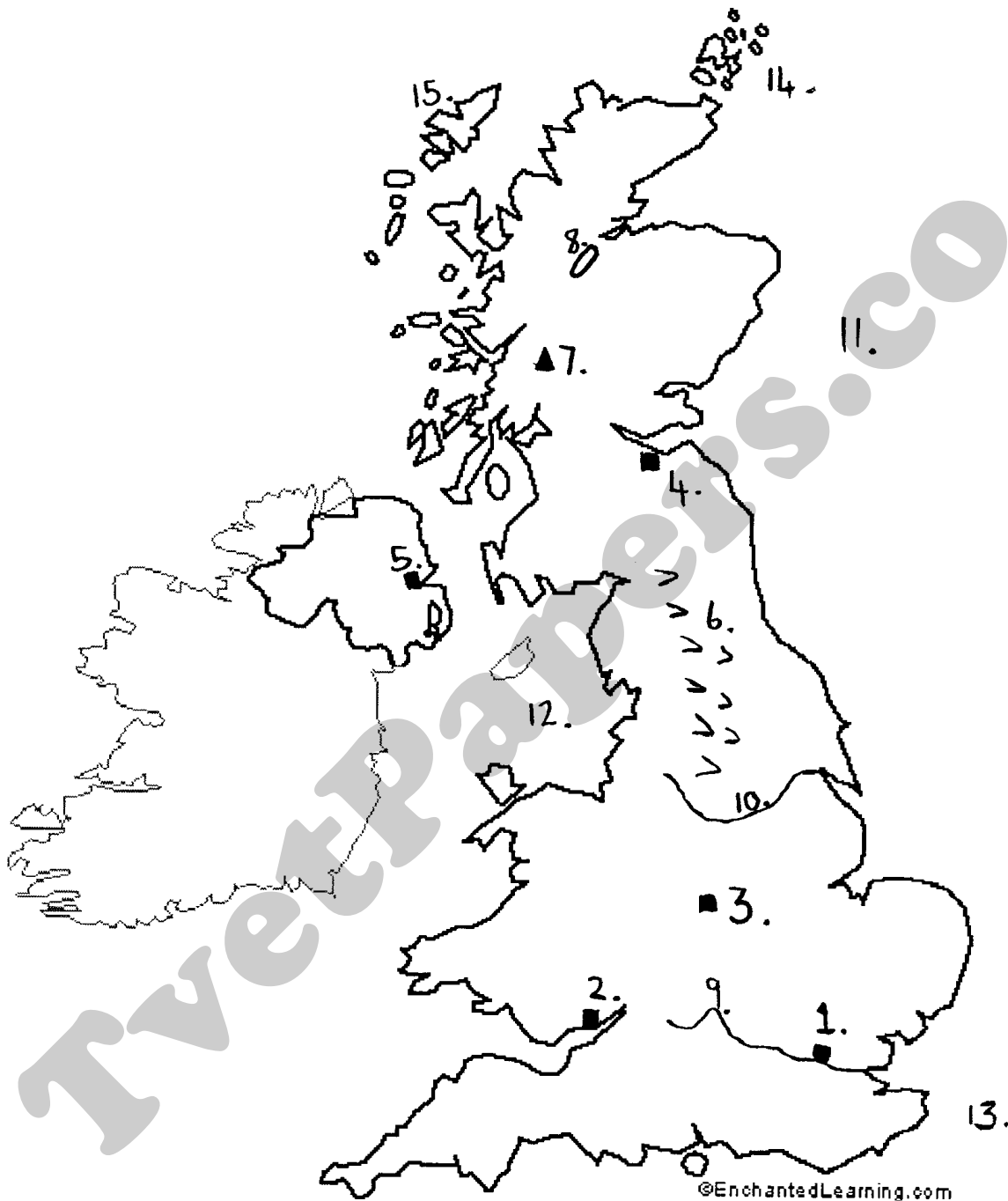
STONEHENGE

Around 15:00 the tour bus moves on to Stonehenge, a 75 minute scenic journey with glimpses of some of the finest English countryside.

About 105 minutes will be spent at Stonehenge. This state-of-the-art facility has contemporary exhibitions that give you great insight into Stonehenge and the people who built it. There are now spacious restaurants and gift shop facilities, a great improvement on facilities in the past. So marvel at the huge 40 ton Sarsens and the volcanic blue stones that were brought from Preseli mountains over 280 miles away. Before it is time to leave, the mysteries that surround the slaughter stone can be discovered and numerous earth barrows can be seen where the beaker people lie buried.

ADDENDUM B

**United Kingdom of Great
Britain and Northern Ireland**



ADDENDUM C

Berlin Travel Guide

For many, Berlin is the epitome of all that is great in German culture and this captivating city, a treasure trove of cultural attractions, is also at the heart of the global interest in Germany's turbulent history.

Historically, Berlin is one of the most fascinating cities in the world and many people travel here primarily because they are curious about the dark mystique of the capital under Hitler, and the legacy of the Berlin Wall, which featured so prominently in the Cold War.

The city has been resurrected as an interesting, vibrant, cosmopolitan place, and has rapidly regained its pre-war reputation for being a party city.

A holiday in Berlin is for the sophisticated fun-lover and there are attractions enough to provide fodder even for the most voracious of culture vultures. Visitors can pass through historic sites like the famous Checkpoint Charlie, take a tour around the iconic Reichstag or marvel at the splendours of the Charlottenburg Palace with its impressive collections of art and beautiful gardens.

Berlin's famous cabarets and nightclubs are in full swing, and its opera and concert venues seldom miss a note. The nightlife in this special city will not disappoint. There are also plenty of shopping opportunities in the many great retail streets and malls and foodies will be similarly delighted by the selection of quality restaurants in Berlin.